

## Great Falls Energy Market Assessment

Energy Landscape Summary, Demand Forecast, and Capacity Analysis October 2024

#### About RMI

RMI is an independent, nonprofit organization of experts accelerating the clean energy transition. Driven by deep analytics, we aim to transform the energy system to support prosperous and healthy communities for all.



## **Meet the RMI Team**



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## Agenda

- Project Overview & Key Takeaways
- Energy Landscape Deep Dive
  - Energy Transition and the Inflation Reduction Act
  - Great Falls and Montana Energy Transition
  - Regional Capacity Analysis

## **Project Overview & Goals**



#### WHY

#### Enhance Regional Competitiveness

- To determine market demand for increased renewable energy production
- To understand energy service business needs including energy efficiency retrofits, wind and solar
- Providing basis for GFDA to develop a strategy to implement over the next 3-5 years to attract investment in our trade area.

## **Project Key Takeaways**

#### Competitiveness



The Great Falls trade area, and Montana at large, has historically benefitted from **fossil fuels**. And is **generally underprepared** to capitalize on the transition to clean energy.



The region's existing natural resource and economic assets point towards wind, eFuels, and green buildings as competitive opportunities going forward.

#### Constraints



Slow population growth, limited workforce availability and

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Minimal access to cheap, clean power.

Lack of related existing industries.

retention, and lack of

community buy-in.

#### Coordination

**Transmission:** Increased capacity will lead to economic development opportunities.

Hydrogen & eFuels: Great Falls already has a foothold in the SAF market; it's time to build out the local supply chain.

**Buildings:** Need to connect homeowners and developers to federal funding and close information gaps and capacity constraints.

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# **Energy Transition and IRA Overview**

## The clean energy economy is booming

Nationally, clean energy investment has grown almost 5 times since 2018, with battery and solar manufacturing leading the way since mid-2022.

### Clean energy investment in the U.S. is almost 5x that of 2018

In the Plains, investment has more than doubled since the passage of the IRA in 2022, totaling about \$2.9 billion USD.



Chart: RMI Graphic • Source: Clean investment Monitor • Created with Datawrapper

#### Hydrogen, SAF and battery manufacturing have been big winners since the passage of the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA)

Growth in cumulative investment since 2018, indexed to Q2-2022. (2022-Q2=100)



## Clean energy manufacturing has been the big winner

However, these projects have been concentrated in the Midwest and Southeast.

#### **Clean Energy Manufacturing Projects Since 2018**

Nearly \$200 billion in clean energy manufacturing projects have been announced, are under construction, or already operating since 2018.



### Georgia, Tennessee, and Michigan have led states in clean energy manufacturing projects

South Carolina has seen over \$10bn in clean energy manufacturing project announcements since 2018



## **IRA+IIJA+CHIPS = A Big Deal**

The US has the most ambitious suite of clean energy policies anywhere, presenting unprecedented opportunities for states and localities across the country.



#### Clean Energy Spending Among Developed Countries since 2020

Even using the CBO's conservative estimates, the US has dedicated the most spending towards clean energy policies since Covid-19 and is among the largest relative to population and GDP. This grows significantly when accounting for uncapped tax credits.



Spending figures are for clean energy investment support only and exclude energy affordability measures. "Uses the Goldmon Sachs \$1.2 trillion estimate of overal IRA incentives, ratehr than the official CBO \$369 billion estimate.

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Chart: RMI Graphic . Source: IEA Government Energy Spending Tracker

## **The Headline IRA Numbers Undersell its Potential**

Uncapped tax credits could lead to ~\$1 trillion spending bill.



#### Updated CBO and Climate-Aligned IRA Funding Estimates (2023-2031)

Get the data · Created with Datawrapper

## Montana has already received nearly a quarter of a billion dollars in federal clean energy investments

### Montana has received nearly 0.5% of its annual GDP in federal funding through the IRA

Estimated federal funding through the IRA since 2022, relative to GDP

Clean Electricity Tax Credits
Advanced Manufacturing Tax Credits
Emerging Climate
Technology Tax Credits
Residential Energy & Efficiency Tax Credits
Non-residential
Distributed Energy Tax Credits
Zero Emission Vehicle Tax Credits



#### Montana Could Attract Over \$7 Billion in Federal Funding by 2031

Estimates of Total Federal Funding to Montana by 2031 in a business-as-usual (CBO) scenario and a climate-aligned scenario, in billions of USD



## Great Falls and Montana Energy Transition

## Investment in clean energy generation has been accelerating in Montana for a decade

Wind and Sustainable Aviation Fuels have been leading the way.

#### Clean Energy Investment, by Technology Wind has attracted the most investment, while SAF and ZEVs have grown in recent years 📕 Distributed Electricity and Storage 📕 Other 📕 SAF 📕 Solar 📕 Wind 📒 Zero Emission Vehicles in Millions of USD Source: Clean Investment Monitor

#### Generation Capacity Additions, by Technology

Nameplate Capacity (MW)

Solar Photovoltaic I Onshore Wind Turbine I Natural Gas Landfill Gas

Source: EIA

### Yet clean energy has grown slower in Montana than its neighbors

## In terms of both investment and renewable electricity capacity, Montana lags behind states like Nevada, Wyoming, and New Mexico.



#### Montana has been consistently slow to add renewable energy capacity

Cumulative Renewable Generation Capacity Additions since 2012, in total Nameplate Capacity (MW)



## Montana's emissions are set to fall over the next few years, but work remains

#### Change in CO2e Emissions, by Sector

Percentage change in CO2e emissions from 2024-2050 in two scenarios

Business as Usual Net Zero



#### Montana CO2e Emissions - Net Zero Scenario

Millions of Metric Tons of CO2-equivalent Emissions

Transportation Electricity Residential buildings Commercial buildings Industry District heat and hydrogen Lulucf Geoengineering 60T 50T 40T 30T 20T 10T 0 2025 2030 2035 2040 2045 2050 Chart: RMI · Source: Energy Policy Simulator **M**RM

## Total electricity generation grows significantly across the state, and skyrockets in a net zero scenario

Total electricity generation across the state more than doubles by 2050, sources mostly from onshore wind.

#### Loading visualization ...

#### Montana Electricity Generation Under A Net Zero Scenario

Electricity Generation, in TWh, between 2021-2050



## Montana uses less oil, gas, and coal, and consumes less energy for heating in a net zero scenario

#### Change in Primary Energy Consumption, by Type Change in Energy Consumption, by Component Absolute change in energy consumption, in quads/yr, between 2024-2050 in two scenarios scenarios Business as Usual Net Zero Business as Usual Net Zero 0.015 Wind 0.075 Other component 0.016 Solar 0.021 Lighting 0.002 Biomass -0.001Cooling and ventilation 0.000 Hydro -0.0010.003 Crude oil Appliances -0.0370.017 Natural gas -0.042Heating -0.007Chart: RMI · Source: Energy Policy Simulator Hard coal -0.057MRMI Chart: RMI · Source: Energy Policy Simulator

Absolute change in energy consumption, in quads/yr, between 2024-2050 in two

0.003

-0.000

-0.006

-0.030

0.000

0.000

0.000

0.000

0.006

0.006

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## In the Great Falls Area, this could lead to significant job growth

To achieve Net Zero, there will be increased workforce demand across existing economic and resource sectors, particularly in wind energy and grid construction.



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## Montana has seen significant growth in key energy transition-related sectors, many of which the Great Falls region specializes in

### Growth in Energy Transition-Related Industries in Montana

GDP Growth 2017-22 (%)

Computer and electronic product manufacturing Chemical manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing Publishing industries (except Internet) Machinery manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing

Professional, scientific, and technical services

Pipeline transportation Printing and related support activities

Mining (except oil and gas) Construction

Plastics and rubber products manufacturing

Support activities for mining Waste management and remediation services

Fabricated metal product manufacturing

Nonmetallic mineral product



#### Employment in Energy Transition-Related Sectors in Great Falls, Montana

Great Falls specializes in several industries that are important to the energy transition, such as mining, utilities, metal product manufacturing, and construciton.



## Montana's Clean Energy Employment

#### Energy Efficiency is Montana's Largest Clean Energy Employer



#### Construction is the Largest Employer in Montana's Energy Industry

Construction
Other Services
Professional Services
Mining and Extraction
Trade
Utilities
Manufacturing
Pipeline Transport & Commodity Flows
Agriculture and Forestry

Construction	9,751.31	
Other Services	4,534.93	
Professional Services	4,068.65	
Mining and Extraction	3,017.66	
Trade	2,975.25	
Utilities	2,857.62	
Manufacturing	2,623.33	
Pipeline Transport & Commodity Flows	2,438.94	
Agriculture and Forestry	269.79	MRM

## **Transportation sector: EV uptake**

EV uptake has been accelerating across the state and Great Falls

EV Registrations Across the State are Led by Flathead County



#### **EV Registrations in the Great Falls Area**

EV registrations have grown 350% over the last four years, led by Tesla sales



## Increased vehicle electrification will put further pressure on the grid



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## **Transportation: Rail**

Montana's Coal Distribution Trends; Sustaining Rail Industry through Clean Energy Industries

#### • In 2022, coal comprised about 50% of Montana's rail freight by volume.

- 50% of Montana's coal was sent to other states via rail road (Michigan, Minnesota, and Washington.)
- 10% of Montana's coal was exported via rail to western Canada and then to Asia.

#### • Production Decline:

- Montana's coal production declined nearly 30% from 2018 to 2022.
- Key reasons: Competition from natural gas and renewable energy sources, and retirements of coal-fired power plants.

#### Clean Energy Industry Related Opportunities for Rail

- Biofuel distribution for sustainable aviation and maritime fuel
- Feedstock movement
- Wind turbine components
- PV panels
- Raw materials and equipment for hydrogen production
- Hydrogen transport, particularly in liquid form
- Battery components for large-scale energy storage systems

## Industry

#### Energy Intensity of Manufacturing Across the West

Energy costs as a share of manufacturing sales, 2021 (%)



Chart: RMI • Source: Annual Survey of Manufacturers



#### Great Falls has very few polluting industrial facilities





### Industrial Process Emissions will Fall with No Further Policy Changes, with the Exception of Agriculture & Forestry

#### Change in Montana's Process Emissions in a Business as Usual and Net Zero Scenario



#### Process Emissions in Montana will Continue to be Dominated by Agriculture & Forestry

#### Even in a Net Zero Scenario

Agriculture and forestry Coal mining Oil and gas extraction Chemicals Cement and other nonmetallic minerals Energy pipelines and gas processing Water and waste



**Capacity Analysis** 

## **Clean Technology Feasibility in Montana**

Machinery

Biofuels

Green Buildings, Energy Utility Systems, Low-Carbon Construction Machinery, Biofuels and Wind are the most feasible

#### • Feasibility:

- Measure of local capabilities, as a function of industry density
- Good predictor of job creation and thriving industry

#### • Complexity:

- Measure of industry's capability requirements
- Indication of local specialization

#### Top Feasibility Transition Products/Technologies in Montana

#### Ranked by feasibility percentile

Buildings End-Use Sector Energy End-Use Sector Transition Chemical, Mineral, and **Mining Sector** 

Metal Manufacturing Sector Industrial End-Use Sector Transition Mineral and Metal



## Transmission, biofuels, and green buildings are growth areas in Great Falls

- Feasible Transition Opportunities:
  - Green buildings
  - Biofuels
  - Hydroelectric power
  - Energy utility systems
  - Low-carbon cement and concrete

#### Great Falls' Most Feasible Clean Energy Industries are the Least Complex

Higher complexity industries bring long-term economic development spillovers.



#### **NAICS 4-Digit Industry View**

#### Most Feasible Industries in Great Falls, MT for Clean Energy Employment

Energy End-Use Sector Duildings End-Use Sector Industrial End-Use Sector Transition Enabling Sector Transportation End-Use Sector Transition Mineral and Metal Mining Sector Transition Chemical, Mineral, and Metal Manufacturing Sector Sector

80

300

Top 10 Feasible Industries in Great Falls, MT for Clean Energy Employment



Complexity

8

Source: Clean Growth Tool . Created with Datawrapper

## **Workforce: Green Buildings**

Via the Clean Growth Tool...

#### 96 critical occupations

- 33% above national average employment (developed)
- 66% below national average employment (underdeveloped)

#### 37% good jobs

- Wages above median
- Healthcare benefits

Occupations		O	
Occurrentian	Lessting Questions	Occupation	
Occupation	Location Quotient	Manufactur	
Elevator and	0.083x	Building and	
Escalator		Mobile Hom	
Installers and		Installers	
Repairers		HelpersPa	
Millwrights	0.091x	Paperhange	
Helpers,	0.13x	Plasterers, a	
Construction		Stucco Mas	
Trades, All Other		HelpersRo	
Solar Photovoltaic	0.18x	Helpers	
Installers		Brickmason	
Daulas Curfasias	0.10	Blockmasor	
Paving, Surracing,	0.19x	Stonemaso	
and lamping		Tile and Ma	
Equipment			

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mportant & Developed Occupations				
ccupation	Location Quotient			
anufactured uilding and obile Home stallers	16x			
elpersPainters, aperhangers, asterers, and ucco Masons	5.7x			
elpersRoofers	4.8x			
elpers ickmasons, ockmasons, onemasons, and le and Marble	3.9x			

## Workforce: Energy Utility Systems

Via the Clean Growth Tool...

- 73 critical occupations
  - 33% above national average employment (developed)
  - 66% below national average employment (underdeveloped)

### 37% good jobs

- Wages above median
- Healthcare benefits

Important & Underdeveloped Occupations		Important & Developed Occupations		
		Occupation	Location Quotient	
Occupation	Location Quotient	Foresters	5.9x	
<u>Electrical and</u> <u>Electronics</u> <u>Drafters</u>	0.053x	Pump Operators, Except Wellhead Pumpers	3.7x	
<u>Millwrights</u>	0.091x	Wellhead Pumpers	3.3x	
<u>Mining Machine</u> <u>Operators, All</u> <u>Other</u>	0.12X	Electrical Power- Line Installers and Repairers	2.1x	
<u>Helpers,</u> <u>Construction</u> <u>Trades, All Other</u>	0.13x	<u>Civil Engineering</u> <u>Technologists and</u> <u>Technicians</u>	1.8x	
Occupational Health and Safety	0.15x	<u>Operating</u> Engineers and	1.8x	

## **Housing & Workforce Attraction**

#### In Great Falls trade region

#### • Population Growth Trends

- Positive population and household growth
- Aging population

#### • Housing costs & supply growth

- Nearly 11% annual home price appreciation
- Strong demand for new apartments and firsttime buyer housing
- Aging infrastructure with poor insulation (especially in single family)

#### • Policy Considerations

- Workforce development programs for building trades
- Incentive programs for envelope improvements and electric equipment swap outs

## Great Falls has Experienced Average Population Growth Since 2020, Driven Mostly by Migration

Percentage Change in Population, 2020-2023, by Driver

📕 Natural Change 📕 Net Migration

Spokane, WA Boise City-Nampa, ID Missoula, MT Helena, MT Idaho Falls-Blackfoot, ID Twin Falls, ID Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ Lewiston, ID-WA Las Vegas, NV Salt Lake City, UT Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA Billings, MT Great Falls, MT Reno-Sparks, NV Colorado Springs, CO Denver-Aurora-Boulder, CO Tucson, AZ El Paso, TX Scotts Bluff, NE Casper, WY



## **Electric Prices and Transmission**

#### • Electric Sector Growth Trends

- Large load growth in industrial sector
- Significant need for clean electricity in neighboring states

#### • Electric costs & supply growth

 Lack of new transmission & power plant capacity -> rising electricity prices

#### Institutional assets

- Northwestern Energy
- Opportunity for economic development

#### • Policy Considerations

 Long lead times for new transmission development (5-20+ years)



## **Policy Environment**

### Montana has some of the weakest climate and clean energy policies in the region



## Montana has a range of economic development and manufacturing incentives that could spur investment

Program_Name	Theme	Agency
Tax Deduction for Energy-Conserving Investments	Building	Montana Department of Revenue
Pollution Control and Carbon Capture Equipment	Carbon	Montana Department of Revenue
Small Electrical Generation Equipment Exemption	Energy	Montana Department of Revenue
Alternative Energy Revolving Loan Program	Energy	The Montana Department Environmental Quality
Commerical Property Assessed Captial Enhancement Program	Energy	Montana Facility Finance Authority
New Industrial Property Tax Exemption	Industrial	Montana Department of Revenue
New/Expanded Industry Credit	Industry	Montana Department of Revenue
Montana Wood Products Revolving Loan Program	Industry	Montana Department of Commerce
Growth Through Agriculture (GTA) Program	Industry	Montana Department of Agriculture
Montana SBIR/STTR Matching Funds Program	Innovation	Montana Department of Commerce



## Thank you!